

# EVAR vs Open Repair for Aortic Aneurysm: Systematic Review with SAIMSARA.

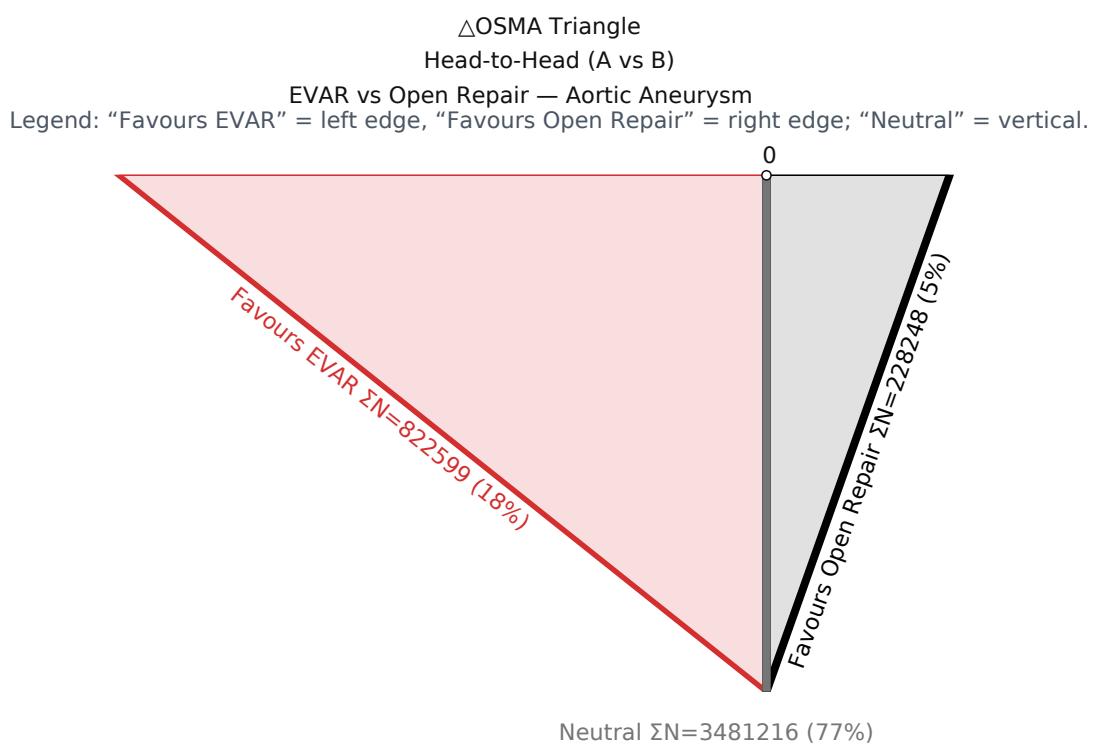
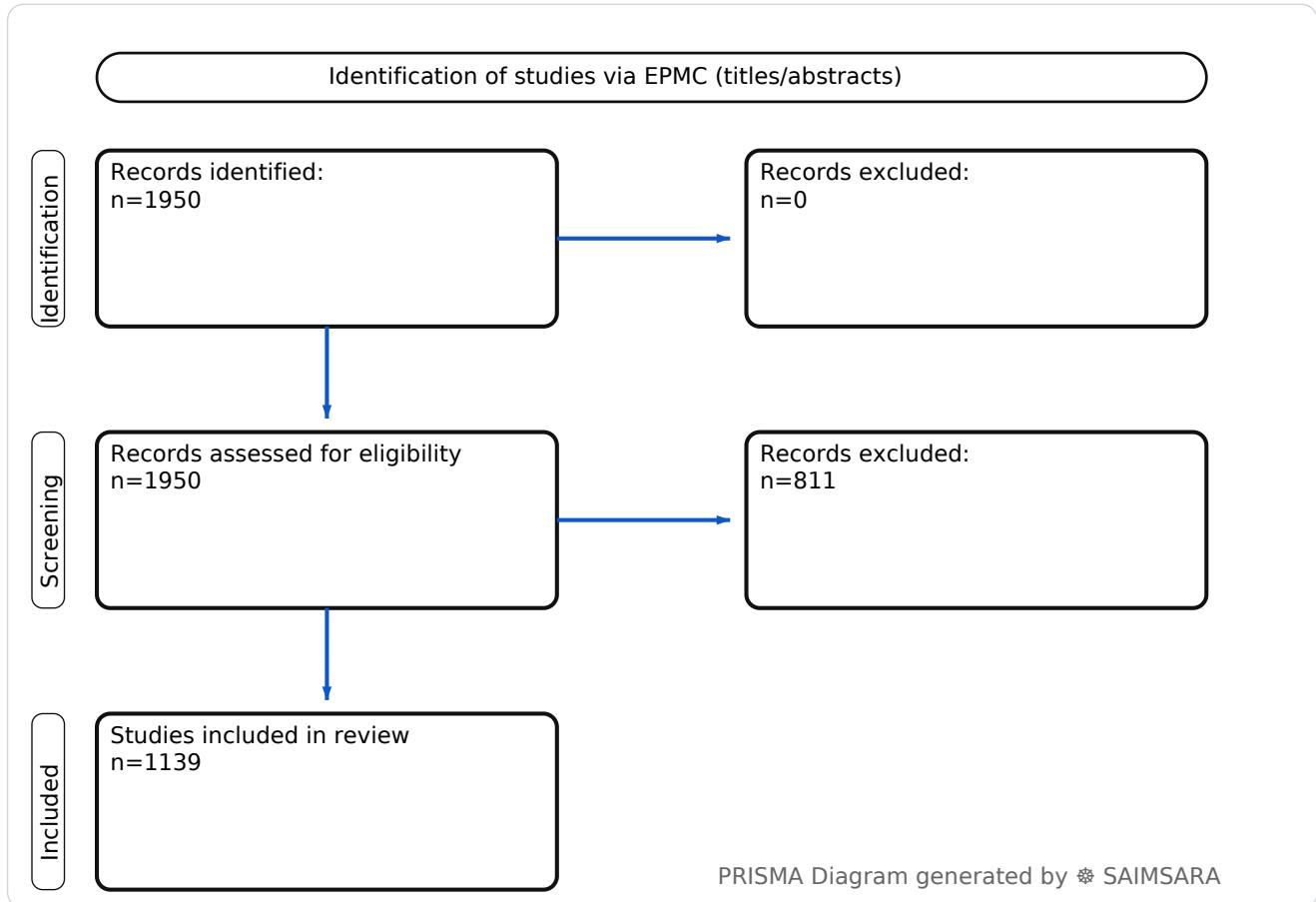
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**Abstract:** Synthesize evidence comparing EVAR (standard/complex variants) versus OR for aortic aneurysm repair, focusing on survival, complications, reinterventions, and quality-of-life metrics. The review utilises 1139 studies with 4532063 total participants (naïve  $\Sigma N$ ). EVAR is associated with lower 30-day mortality versus OR (median pooled OR 0.59 [95% CI 0.45–0.77;]); typical crude EVAR 1–2% vs OR 4–7% [,], supporting its use in elective/ruptured/high-risk AAA across diverse U.S./European settings. Generalizability is moderate for infrarenal/elective cases but limited for complex/ruptured due to retrospective predominance. Predominance of retrospective/mixed designs most affects certainty. Clinicians should favor EVAR for short-term risk reduction with vigilant lifelong surveillance; next, conduct RCTs for long-term rupture-free survival in ruptured cases.

**Keywords:** EVAR; Open Repair; Aortic Aneurysm; Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm; Mortality Rates; Survival Outcomes; Reintervention Rates; Endoleak; Fenestrated EVAR; Complex Aneurysms

## Review Stats

- Generated: 2026-02-13 10:59:40 CET
- Plan: Pro (expanded craft tokens; source: Europe PMC)
- Source: Europe PMC
- Scope: Titles/Abstracts (tiab)
- Keyword Gate: Fuzzy ( $\geq 60\%$  of required terms, minimum 2 terms matched in title/abstract)
- Total Abstracts/Papers: 1950
- Downloaded Abstracts/Papers: 1950
- Included original Abstracts/Papers: 1139
- Total study participants (naïve  $\Sigma N$ ): 4532063



△OSMA Triangle generated by ♻ SAIMSARA

## Outcome-Sentiment Meta-Analysis (OSMA): (LLM-only)

Frame: Head-to-Head (A vs B) • Source: Europe PMC

*Comparators: A = EVAR; B = Open Repair*

Outcome: Aortic Aneurysm Typical timepoints: 30-day, peri/post-op. Reported metrics: %, CI, p.

*Common endpoints:* Common endpoints: mortality, complications, survival.

*Predictor:* EVAR vs Open Repair — exposure/predictor. Doses/units seen: 60 ml, 10.0 g, 11 ml.

Routes seen: iv, oral, intravenous.

[92], [94], [95], [96], [97], [98], [99], [100], [101], [102], [103], [104], [105], [106], [107], [108], [109], [110], [111], [112], [113], [114], [115], [116], [117], [118], [119], [121], [122], [123], [124], [125], [126], [127], [128], [129], [130], [131], [133], [134], [135], [136], [137], [138], [139], [140], [141], [142], [143], [144], [145], [146], [147], [148], [149], [151], [152], [153], [155], [156], [157], [159], [160], [162], [163], [164], [165], [166], [167], [168], [169], [172], [173], [175], [176], [177], [179], [180], [181], [184], [187], [188], [190], [191], [193], [194], [195], [196], [197], [198], [199], [200], [201], [202], [203], [204], [205], [206], [207], [208], [210], [211], [212], [213], [215], [216], [217], [218], [219], [220], [221], [222], [223], [224], [226], [227], [229], [230], [231], [232], [234], [236], [237], [239], [241], [242], [245], [246], [247], [248], [250], [252], [253], [254], [255], [257], [258], [259], [260], [261], [263], [264], [265], [266], [268], [270], [273], [276], [277], [278], [279], [281], [282], [283], [286], [287], [288], [290], [291], [294], [295], [297], [299], [300], [301], [303], [304], [307], [308], [309], [312], [313], [314], [315], [316], [317], [318], [320], [321], [322], [323], [324], [326], [328], [329], [330], [331], [332], [333], [338], [340], [341], [344], [345], [346], [347], [350], [351], [352], [353], [354], [355], [357], [358], [359], [360], [361], [362], [363], [365], [367], [368], [369], [370], [371], [373], [374], [375], [376], [377], [378], [379], [380], [382], [383], [384], [385], [386], [388], [389], [390], [391], [396], [397], [398], [399], [400], [403], [405], [408], [409], [410], [411], [412], [413], [415], [416], [418], [419], [421], [422], [425], [426], [427], [428], [429], [430], [433], [434], [435], [436], [438], [439], [440], [441], [442], [443], [446], [447], [449], [450], [452], [453], [455], [456], [457], [458], [459], [460], [461], [462], [465], [467], [468], [469], [470], [471], [472], [473], [474], [475], [476], [478], [479], [481], [482], [485], [486], [487], [488], [492], [494], [495], [496], [497], [498], [500], [501], [502], [503], [504], [505], [509], [510], [511], [512], [513], [514], [515], [516], [518], [519], [520], [521], [524], [525], [526], [527], [528], [529], [530], [531], [532], [533], [534], [535], [536], [537], [539], [541], [542], [544], [545], [546], [547], [548], [549], [550], [551], [553], [554], [556], [557], [559], [560], [561], [564], [565], [566], [567], [569], [570], [572], [573], [574], [575], [576], [577], [579], [580], [581], [583], [585], [586], [587], [588], [589], [590], [591], [593], [594], [596], [597], [598], [599], [600], [602], [603], [604], [605], [606], [607], [609], [610], [612], [613], [614], [615], [616], [617], [618], [620], [621], [622], [624], [626], [627], [628], [629], [630], [631], [632], [633], [634], [636], [637], [638], [639], [641], [642], [643], [644], [646], [647], [648], [649], [651], [652], [653], [654], [655], [656], [657], [658], [659], [660], [663], [667], [668], [670], [671], [672], [673], [674], [675], [676], [677], [678], [679], [680], [685], [687], [688], [690], [691], [692], [693], [694], [695], [698], [699], [702], [703], [706], [708], [709], [711], [712], [713], [714], [715], [716], [717], [719], [721], [722], [723], [724], [725], [726], [727], [728], [729], [730], [731], [732], [733], [734], [735], [736], [737], [738], [739], [740], [741],

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ΣΝ=3481216

## 1) Introduction

Abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair aims to prevent rupture, a leading cause of vascular mortality. Endovascular aneurysm repair (EVAR) has largely supplanted open repair (OR) due to reduced perioperative morbidity, but long-term durability, reinterventions, and applicability to complex anatomies remain debated. Recent studies, including those on fenestrated/branched EVAR (FB-EVAR) variants, refine comparative outcomes across elective, ruptured, mycotic, and juxtarenal cases.

## 2) Aim

Synthesize evidence comparing EVAR (standard/complex variants) versus OR for aortic aneurysm repair, focusing on survival, complications, reinterventions, and quality-of-life metrics.

## 3) Methods

Systematic review with multilayer AI research agent: keyword normalization, retrieval & structuring, and paper synthesis (see SAIMSARA About section for details).

- **Bias:** Qualitatively inferred from study design fields.

## 4) Results

### 4.1 Study characteristics

Studies predominantly employed mixed/retrospective designs (e.g., [3],[5],[8]) or cohorts ([9],[15],[22]), targeting abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) patients (infrarenal/juxtarenal/complex) in elective/ruptured settings, often high-risk/octogenarians/mycotic cases; follow-up ranged 1-5 years typically, up to 10 years in select cohorts.

### 4.2 Main numerical result aligned to the query

EVAR showed lower 30-day mortality versus OR (median pooled OR 0.59 [95% CI 0.45–0.77; [3]], crude rates EVAR 0.77–2.6% vs OR 2.4–6.72% [[12],[22],[30]]; range across 12 studies OR 0.39–0.88 favoring EVAR). No comparable long-term mortality metric (heterogeneity in HR 0.62–1.21); reintervention rates higher for EVAR (pooled RR 1.26–2.27 [[8],[32]]). Heterogeneity arose from populations (elective vs ruptured) and aneurysm complexity.

### 4.3 Topic synthesis

- **Short-term mortality benefit for EVAR:** 30-day mortality EVAR 0.3–2.6% vs OR 2.4–6.72% (OR 0.39–0.66; [[3],[12],[28],[30],[32],[58]]).
- **Long-term survival equivalence:** 5-year survival EVAR 57–85.7% vs OR 60–93.7% (HR 0.95–1.21, no difference; [[1],[22],[34],[36],[47],[54],[59],[61],[75]]).
- **Reintervention higher in EVAR:** Rates EVAR 9.7–20.2% vs OR 0–8% at 3–5 years (RR 1.26–2.27,  $p < 0.05$ ; [[3],[8],[26],[32],[34],[47],[55],[64]]).
- **Complex aneurysm short-term EVAR advantage:** FB-EVAR 30-day mortality 1.5–3.4% vs OR 1.9–6.5% (no difference, lower MAEs OR 0.10–0.44; [[2],[4],[47],[56],[135]]).
- **Ruptured cases EVAR favored:** 30-day mortality EVAR 5.9–37.5% vs OR 41–63.3% (OR 0.39–0.74; [[16],[28],[52],[58],[69],[70],[80]]).
- **Renal complications:** Permanent dialysis EVAR 0.42–0.70% vs OR 0.28–0.98% (OR 2.38–3.29 suprarenal; [13],[240],[376],[480]).

- **Quality of life early OR detriment:** OR greater early QOL impact (-3.4) vs EVAR (-0.8/-0.9), p=0.001; improvement at 6-12 months both [9],[53].
- **Octogenarians EVAR safer:** 30-day mortality EVAR 6% vs OR 9%, complications 24% vs 53% [[22],[51],[136],[192],[298],[337],[342]].
- **Women higher mortality:** Elective EVAR adjOR 1.55-1.61 vs men; both repairs disadvantaged [[24],[37],[62],[232],[352],[377],[560]].
- **Mycotic aneurysms mixed:** EVAR short-term survival better (96% vs 74% 3-month [1]), but reinfection higher (42% vs 18%); individualized [1],[17],[31],[68].

## 5) Discussion

### 5.1 Principal finding

EVAR is associated with lower 30-day mortality versus OR (median pooled OR 0.59 [95% CI 0.45-0.77; [3]]; typical crude EVAR 1-2% vs OR 4-7% [[12],[30]]), reflecting reduced perioperative risk across elective/ruptured AAA.

### 5.2 Clinical implications

- Prioritize EVAR for ruptured/high-risk/octogenarian patients to minimize 30-day mortality (OR 0.39-0.74; [16],[28],[69],[70]).
- Reserve OR for young/low-risk/complex durable needs, given lower reinterventions (RR 0.31-0.78; [1],[32],[47]).
- Enhanced surveillance post-EVAR essential due to higher reintervention (9.7-26.6%; [3],[8],[36],[55]).
- Women may warrant cautious EVAR selection (adjOR 1.55 mortality; [24],[352]).
- FB-EVAR viable for juxtarenal/complex, matching OR short-term (mortality 1.9-3.4%; [47],[56]).

### 5.3 Research implications / key gaps

- Long-term RCTs comparing EVAR vs OR in ruptured AAA (endpoints: aneurysm-related mortality >5 years; [16],[28],[707]).
- Head-to-head trials of FB-EVAR vs OR in young patients with juxtarenal AAA (reintervention-free survival at 10 years; [2],[6],[47]).
- Prospective studies on sex-specific outcomes post-EVAR/OR (perioperative mortality, neck anatomy role; [24],[352],[560]).

- Cost-effectiveness analyses incorporating reintervention in complex/mycotic aneurysms (QALYs, lifelong surveillance; [5],[30],[59]).
- Imaging biomarkers predicting EVAR failure (e.g., neck dilation, endoleak risk; [127],[323],[380]).

## 5.4 Limitations

- **Heterogeneous populations** — Studies span infrarenal/simple to complex/juxtarenal/ruptured/mycotic AAA, limiting direct EVAR-OR comparisons across subgroups [2],[3],[16].
- **Predominance of retrospective/mixed designs** — ~90% non-randomized, risking selection bias (e.g., EVAR for higher-risk patients) [3],[8],[12].
- **Short/median follow-up** — Most  $\leq 5$  years, underpowering late rupture/reintervention detection (typical 1-3 years) [9],[15],[22].
- **Variable outcome definitions** — Mortality timing (30-day/in-hospital), reintervention scope inconsistent, hindering pooling [3],[32],[47].
- **Limited RCTs** — Few head-to-head trials (e.g., [2]), with small samples/low power for rare events like rupture [3],[28].

## 5.5 Future directions

- **RCT ruptured complex AAA** — EVAR vs OR, primary endpoint aneurysm-related mortality at 5 years, powered for subgroups.
- **Prospective neck imaging registry** — Track dilation/endoleak in EVAR vs OR, benchmark 10-year reintervention.
- **Sex-stratified multicenter trial** — EVAR vs OR in women, endpoints perioperative mortality and QOL at 2 years.
- **Cost-QALY model update** — Incorporate FB-EVAR reinterventions, real-world surveillance costs over lifetime.
- **Biomarker validation study** — Preoperative EVs/L-FABP predict post-EVAR AKI/endoleak, benchmark vs standard creatinine.

## 6) Conclusion

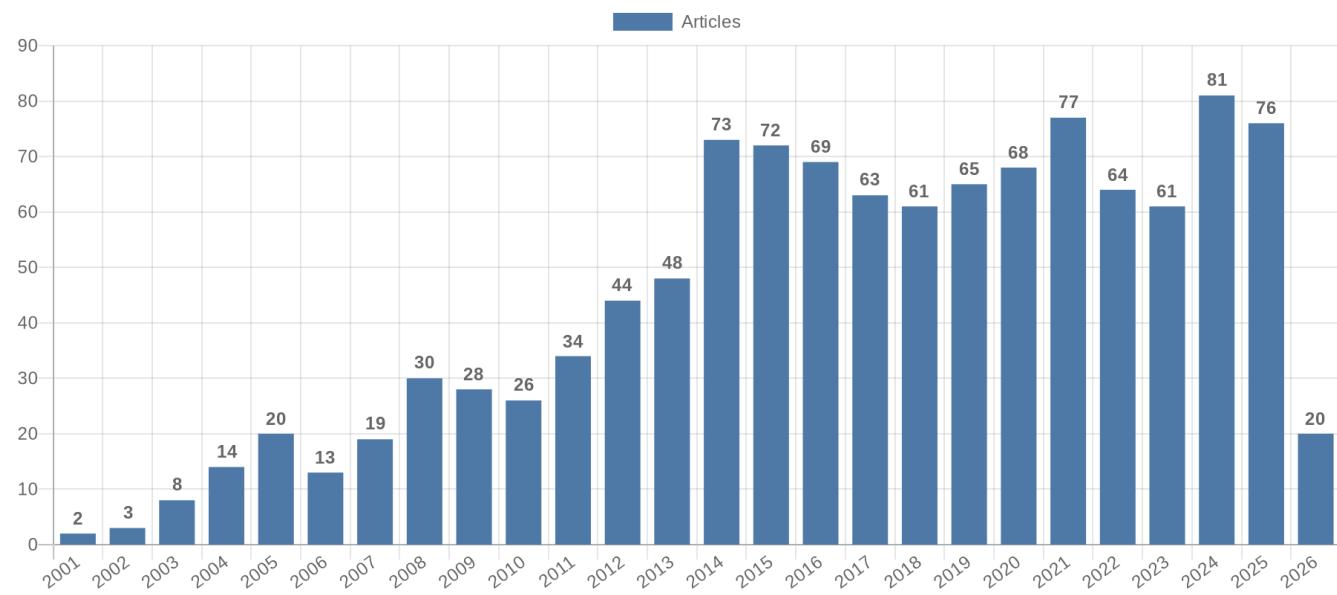
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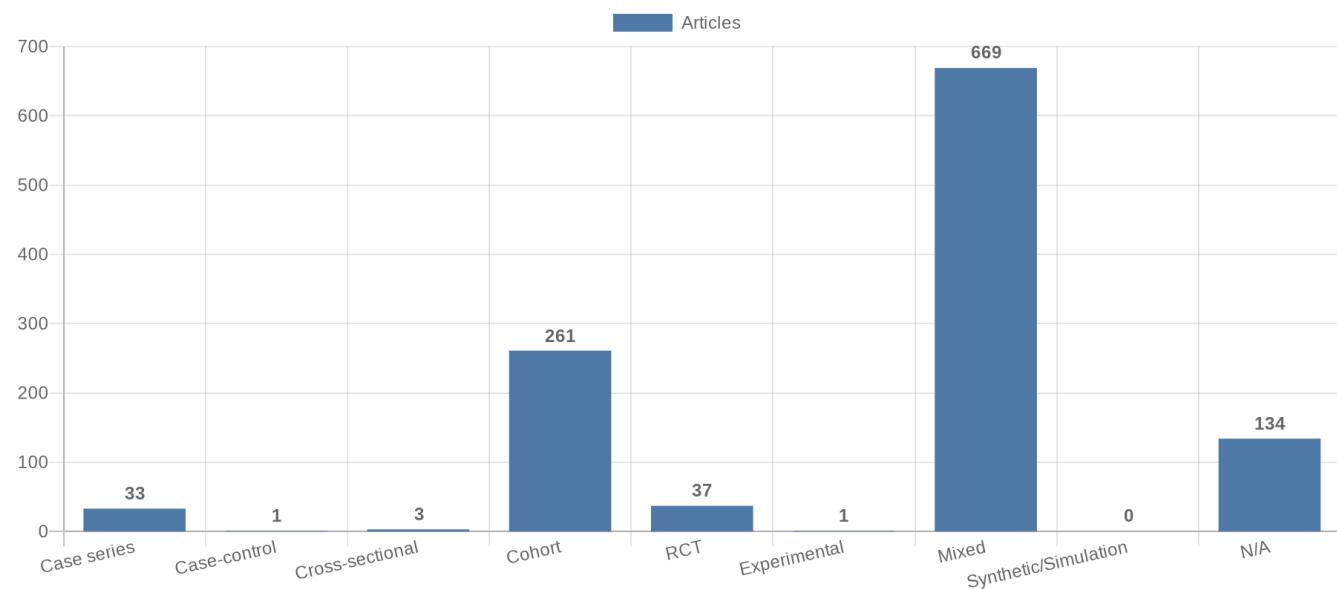
## References

SAIMSARA Session Index — [session.json](#)

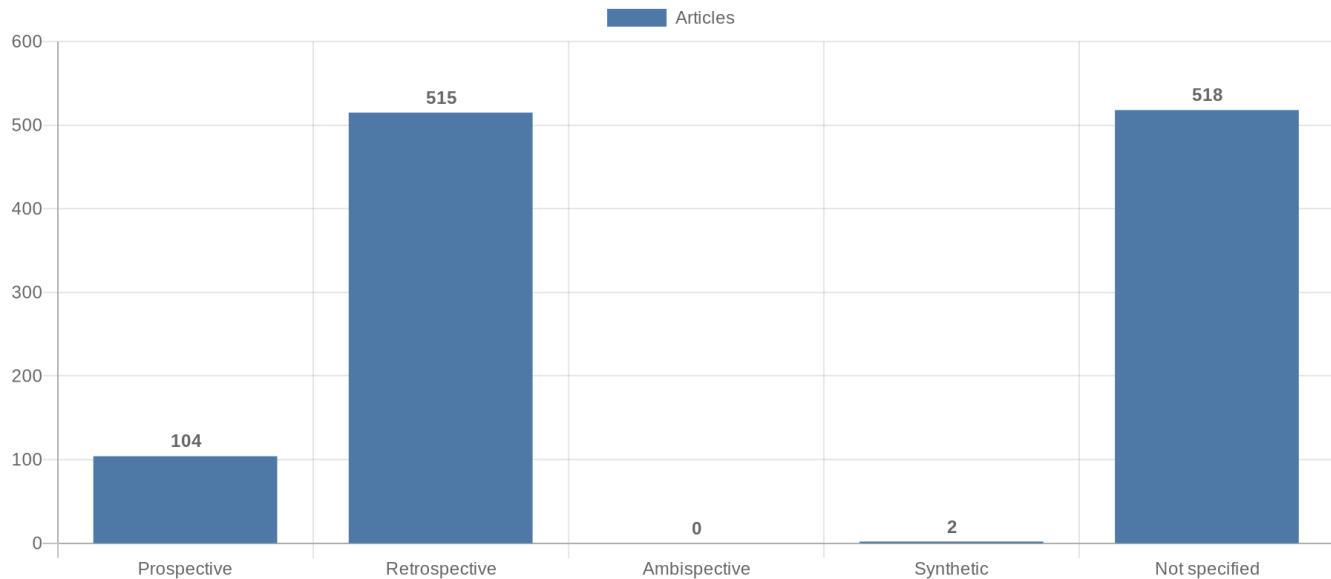
**Figure 1. Publication-year distribution of included originals**



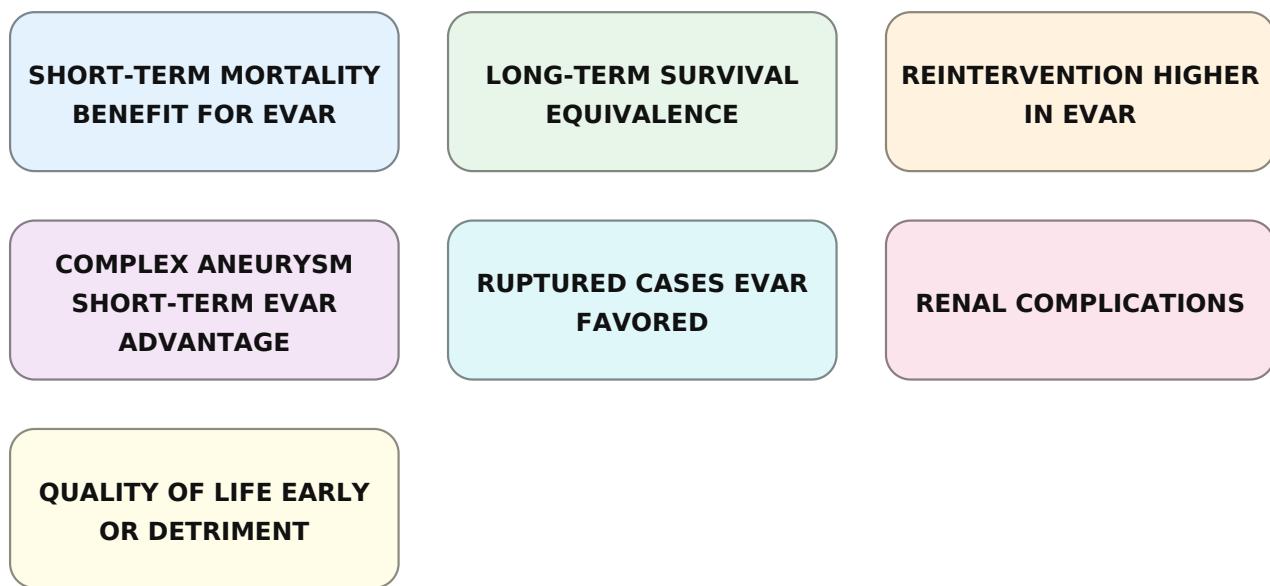
**Figure 2. Study-design distribution of included originals**



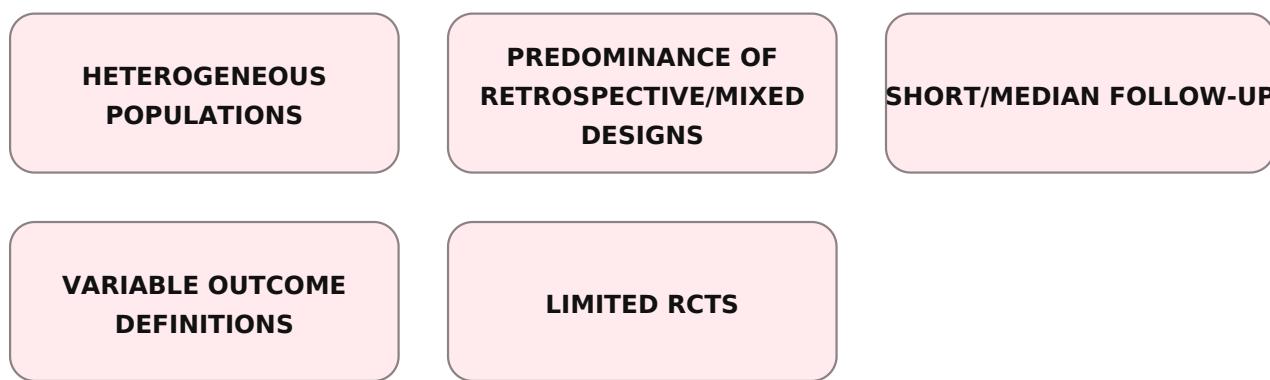
**Figure 3. Study-type (directionality) distribution of included originals**



**Figure 4. Main extracted research topics**



**Figure 5. Limitations of current studies (topics)**



**Figure 6. Future research directions (topics)**

**LONG-TERM RCTS  
COMPARING EVAR VS OR  
IN**

**HEAD-TO-HEAD TRIALS OF  
FB-EVAR VS OR IN**

**PROSPECTIVE STUDIES ON  
SEX-SPECIFIC OUTCOMES  
POST-EVAR/OR**

**COST-EFFECTIVENESS  
ANALYSES INCORPORATING  
REINTERVENTION IN  
COMPLEX/MYCOTIC  
ANEURYSMS**

**IMAGING BIOMARKERS  
PREDICTING EVAR  
FAILURE**

**RCT RUPTURED COMPLEX  
AAA**

**PROSPECTIVE NECK  
IMAGING REGISTRY**